

DATE PREPARED: 14/03/14 (2 Pages)

SECTION 1 - MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME

LEXBASE R+ – ELASTOMERIC UNDERLAYMENT MEMBRANE

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

CANTEC: 613.996.6666

SUPPLIER NAME AND ADDRESS

Lexsuco Corporation 52 Bramwin Court Brampton, Ontario L6T 5G2

Tel: 905.792.8800 Fax: 905.792.8801

General Use: Protective insulation support panel for roofing.

SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Asphalt, traprock dust and/or calcium carbonate, fiberglass, polyester, plastic polymers, graphite and/or styrene rubbers. Contains no solvents or asbestos.

SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL DATA

Boiling Point: Not applicable Specific Gravity: >1.0

Vapour Pressure: Not applicable Evaporation Rate: Not applicable Solubility In Water: Insoluble

Appearance: Various colours, sheet material

Odour: Slight petroleum odour

SECTION 4 -FIRE OR EXPLOSION DATA

Flash Point: Not applicable Flammable Limits: Not applicable

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide; water fog. Special Procedures: Respirators required for fire fighting.

SECTION 5 - TOXICITY INFORMATION

Exposure Limits: Not applicable Primary Route of Exposure: Skin contact

Exposure Effects: Possible skin irritation and dermatitis.

WARNING: This product may contain oxidized bitumens. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (the "IARC") issued a statement that "occupational exposure to oxidized bitumens and their emissions during roofing operations are probably carcinogenic to humans." This warning may be updated at such time as a final determination is made and IARC has published its monograph on the matter.

SECTION 6 - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable

Polymerization: Will not occur Materials to Avoid: Strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomposition Products: CO2, CO.

SECTION 7 - PREVENTATIVE MEASURES

Spill Procedure: Normal housekeeping

Disposal Procedure: Follow federal, provincial/state and municipal regulations.

Ventilation: Not necessary Respiratory: Not necessary

Gloves: Minimize skin contact. Protective gloves may be used when handling material.

Eye Protection: Use safety glasses or goggles when necessary. Other: If contact is unavoidable, wear all necessary protective gear.

SECTION 8 - FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Wash hands with soap and water after handling.

The information herein is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Information is based upon supplier issued material safety data sheets and may be subject to error. If apprised of changes, updated MSDS will be promptly issued. Users must make their own determination regarding the suitability of the product for their own purposes prior to use. Under government regulations, a MSDS is not required for this material.

PREPARED BY: LEXSUCO CORPORATION • TEL: 905.792.8800 • TOLL FREE: 1.800.268.2889



DATE PREPARED: 14/03/14 (3 Pages)

SECTION 1 - MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME

LEXBASE R+ - RECOVER BOARD PANEL

SUPPLIER NAME AND ADDRESS

Lexsuco Corporation 52 Bramwin Court

Brampton, Ontario L6T 5G2

Tel: 905.792.8800 Fax: 905.792.8801

General Use: Rigid Foam Insulation

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

CANTEC: 613.996.6666

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) Identification



EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

	Health	Fire	Reactivity	Degree of Hazard
HMIS Rating	1	1	0	0 - Minimal (insignificant)
NFPA Rating	1	1	0	1 - Slight
				2 - Moderate
				3 - Serious (high)
				4 - Severe (extreme)
				5 - Chronic Health Effort(s)

No unusual conditions are expected from this product. Freshly expanded or heated foam may off-gas some pentane-blowing agent, which is heavier than air and may accumulate to ignitable concentrations if stored inside a sealed container or within confined areas. Ignitable atmospheres have concentrations that exceed inhalation exposure limits for workers, further reinforcing the need for ventilation when foam is freshly expanded.

With the exception of the blowing agent, Atlas foam roofing products do not present an inhalation, ingestion, or contact health hazard unless subjected to operations such as sawing, sanding, or machining that result in the generation of airborne particulates (dusts). Exposure to high dust levels may irritate the skin, eyes, nose, throat, or upper respiratory tract. Inhalation of high amounts of dust over long periods may overload lung clearance mechanisms and make lungs more vulnerable to respiratory disease. [See Section 3 of this SDS for other exposure limit standards for the product ingredients.]

Canadian users: LD50 and LC50 data are listed below for those constituent(s) that data is available.

	LC50	LD50	Hodge & Sterner classes	
3	mg/(m3 air)	mg/(kg body wgt)	(inhalation)	(oral)
Pentane	364,000 (rat, inh, 4hr)	446 (mouse, i.v.)	relatively harmless	insufficient data
Calcium carbonate	Not available	64,500 (rat, oral)	insufficient data	relatively harmless
Formaldehyde	400 (mouse, inh, 2hr)	42 (mouse, oral) 100 (rat, oral)	moderately toxic	moderately toxic

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

Primary Means of Exposure:

Inhalation of particulates

Secondary Means of Exposure:

Eye and skin contact with particulates and inhalation of vapors

INHALATION HEALTH HAZARDS:

For polyiso foams (generated dust and residual vapor)

Acute:

Dust may cause transient mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract. Workplace exposures

to residual pentanes from this product are expected to be below levels of any health risk.

Overexposure to high concentrations of pentane can cause narcotic effects. Signs and symptoms of overexposure to pentane include headache, nausea, dizziness, difficulty walking, or sleepiness. Studies have shown that short-term (10-minute) exposures to pentane concentrations as high as 5,000 ppm (11,750 mg/m³) produced no symptoms. Workplace exposure limits are provided in

table below.

Chronic:

There is no evidence that dust from polyiso foam causes disease in humans, and no chronic effects

are known for exposures to pentane.

For continuous filament glass fibers in facers (generated dust)

Acute:

Airborne fragments of glass fibers may cause mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract, particularly mouth, nose and throat; glass dust may cause transient irritation of the upper

respiratory tract. Workplace exposure limits are provided in table below.

Chronic:

No chronic health effects are known to be associated with exposure to glass fibers. Results from epidemiological studies have not shown any increase in respiratory disease or cancer. The International Agency for Research on Cancer has classified continuous filament fiberglass "Not

Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity to Humans" (Group 3).

For limestone and latex in facers (generated dust)

Acute: Dust may cause transient mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract. Workplace exposure

limits are provided in table below.

Chronic: There is no evidence that dust, containing limestone or latex, causes disease in humans.

EYE CONTACT HEALTH HAZARDS:

Acute:

Mechanical irritation, redness, tearing, and blurred vision can occur if dusts generated from these

products come into contact with eyes.

Chronic: None known.

SKIN CONTACT HEALTH HAZARDS:

Acute: Direct contact with rough-cut foam or facers can cause mechanical abrasion cuts or puncture to

fingers, hands or exposed skin.

Chronic: None known.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

Irritation of the upper respiratory tract, eyes, and/or skin.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

Any condition generally aggravated by mechanical irritants in the air or on the skin. Specific data are not available which address medical conditions that are generally recognized as being aggravated by exposure to this product.

CARCINOGENICITY:

Ingredient: Textile Fibrous Glass

NTP: Not Listed

IARC: Not Classifiable – Group 3

OSHA: Not Listed
Mutagenicity: None
Teratogenicity: None
Reproductive Toxicity: None

California Proposition 65: Known to the State of California to Cause Cancer. This warning is provided

in accordance with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic

Enforcement Act of 1986.

SECTION 3: Composition and Ingredient Information

COMMON NAME	CHEMICAL NAME	WEIGHT % IN ARTICLE‡	CAS NUMBER
Polyiso foam, containing:	isocyanurate homopolymer	50	None
Residual blowing agent	normal pentane	< 3	109-66-0
Non-woven coated glass facer containing:		50	None
Fiberglass	continuous filament glass fibers	20	65997-17-3
Limestone	limestone	Proprietary	1317-65-3
Latex	polyvinyl acetate	Proprietary	9003-20-7

[‡]Weight % based on 1-inch foam thickness.

AIRBORNE EXPOSURE LIMITS:

	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH REL
Constituent or Category	(mg/m ³)	(mg/m ³)	(mg/m³)
Nuisance dusts NOS containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica	15 TWA total 5 TWA respirable	10 TWA	Not applicable
Fiberglass dust	See nuisance dusts	5 TWA	Not applicable
Limestone dust	See nuisance dusts	See nuisance dusts	10 TWA total 5 TWA respirable
n-Pentane vapor	2950 TWA	1410 TWA	350 TWA 1800 Ceiling 3525 IDLH

Formaldehyde	0.9 TWA 2.5 STEL	0.4 TWA	0.02 TWA 0.12 STEL 25 IDLH
--------------	---------------------	---------	----------------------------------

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Drink water to clear throat and blow nose to remove dust.

Skin: Wash with soap and cool running water.

Eyes: Flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub or wipe eyes. If irritation

persists, consult a medical professional.

Ingestion: Product is not intended to be ingested or eaten. If product is ingested, irritation of the

gastrointestinal tract may occur, and should be treated symptomatically. Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water to remove particles, and drink plenty of water to help reduce the irritation.

[No chronic effects are expected following ingestion.]

Note to Physician: This product is a mechanical irritant. It is not expected to produce any chronic health effects from acute exposures. Treatment should be directed toward removing the source of irritation with

symptomatic treatment as necessary.

SECTION 5: Fire Fighting Measures

The product is a solid article that will burn if exposed to an ignition source of sufficient heat and intensity, or open flame, such as a welder's torch. It should be installed with a 15-minute thermal barrier between it and the structure's interior. Under certain fire conditions, combustible gases can be generated, creating rapidly spreading, high-intensity flames and dense, black smoke. Burning of this product can produce irritating and potentially toxic fumes and gases, including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide; other undetermined hydrocarbon fractions could be released in small quantities.

Flashpoint: Not applicable (product is not a liquid).

Auto-ignition temperature: Not determined.

Extinguishing media: Water spray/fog, CO₂, dry chemical (consider media appropriate for surrounding

materials).

Respirator for fire-fighting: Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Pentane vapors may be emitted from freshly produced foam or when product is heated. Pentane concentrations between the lower and upper explosive limits (LEL and UEL) may accumulate under unique circumstances inside a sealed container or within confined areas. If such concentrations are provided a source of ignition, there may be a very high rate of flame propagation.

Pentane: Flashpoint ≤ -37°C Vapor pressure = 514 mm Hg at 25°C

Boiling point = 28 to 49° C LEL = 1.5% (35,00C mg/m3)

UEL = 7.8%

Vapor density = 2.49

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

Do not discard residues into sewers, storm sewers, or surface waters. If accidentally released to a water body, material will float and disperse with wind and current; contain the material with booms and remove either manually or with a vacuum truck.

If accidentally released to land, scoop up material and put into suitable container for disposal.

Chemicals in this material are not expected to cause harm to aquatic or terrestrial plants or animals; however, fish or other animals may eat the product, which could obstruct their digestive tracts.

Be a good steward of the environment and clean up residues (some components of the product are not biodegradable).

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

Storage: Store in a dry, well-ventilated area. Assure storage containers or areas and shipping containers are adequately ventilated. No Smoking—No Matches—No Lighters—No Welding rules should be enforced. Install according to manufacturer's recommendations.

Installation Procedure: Cutting of product should be done in a manner to reduce or control generation of airborne dusts. Avoid unnecessary dust exposures when cutting or abrading by using adequate local or general ventilation. Avoid dust contact with ignition sources. Handle product using good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

SECTION 8: Exposure Control – Personal Protection

Respiratory Protection: If respiratory tract irritations occur or if any dust exposure limit is exceeded, use a respirator such as 3M Model 8271 or Model 8210, or equivalent for protection against nuisance dusts. When normal ventilation is provided to work area, no respiratory protection is needed for pentane vapor.

Protective Clothing: To avoid skin irritation from excessive dust generated during cutting operations, wear longsleeved, loose fitting clothing, long pants, and gloves.

Eye Protection: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Work Area Cleanup: Pick up large pieces; do not wash down drain. Sweep or vacuum smaller pieces into a waste container for disposal. If needed, use water spray to wet down and minimize dust generation. Do not dry sweep dust accumulation or use compressed air for cleanup.

Hygienic Practices: Exposed skin areas should be washed with soap and cool water after working with product.

Clothing should be laundered separately from other clothes.

SECTION 9: Physical/Chemical Characteristics

The following applies to the product (article), not to pure forms of individual constituents of the product:

Appearance: White or cream-colored foam flat or tapered solid with a coated glass mat facing on each side.

PROPERTY

Boiling Point (°F):NA

Melting Point (°F):>250

Vapor Pressure:NA

Percent Volatile By Volume:<1

NA=not applicable

PROPERTY

Specific Gravity: <1

Solubility (Water):Insoluble

Vapor Density (Air=1):NA

Evaporative Rate:NA

Odor: Negligible

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable. Service temperature range: -100 to 250°F. To prevent structural deterioration, avoid contact

with acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, tetrahydrofuran, chlorine, chloroform, hydrogen peroxide, ethylene

dichloride, dimethyl sulfoxide, and dimethyl formamide.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None identified.

pH:NA

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

Extensive medical-scientific research has been conducted regarding the health aspects of fiber glass over the past 50 years. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), and agency of the World Health Organization (WHO), at a meeting in June 1987, reviewed all of the significant research on the health effects attributed to fiber glass.

IARC determined that the data from both human and animal studies was inadequate to classify continuous filament glass fibers such as used in fiber glass reinforcement products, as carcinogenic to humans.

No chronic health effects are known to be associated with exposure to glass fibers. Results from epidemiological studies have not shown any increase in respiratory disease or cancer. The International Agency for Research on Cancer has classified continuous filament fiberglass "Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity to Humans" (Group 3).

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Chemicals in this material are not expected to cause harm to aquatic or terrestrial plants or animals; however, fish or other animals may eat the product, which could obstruct their digestive tracts.

Be a good steward of the environment and clean up residues (some components of the product are not biodegradable).

This product is not manufactured with, nor does it contain any Class 1 Ozone depleting chemicals as defined by EPA in Title VI of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 40 CFR Part 82, Protection of Stratospheric Ozone. This product is not classified as a hazardous air pollutant in the Title III Clean Air Act of 1990.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

This product, if discarded as supplied, is not considered a hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261) and may be placed directly into receptacles that will transport the waste to a municipal waste, industrial waste, or demolition waste landfill. If contact with a contaminating substance alters the material, it is the user's responsibility to determine at the time of disposal whether it meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Dispose in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transportation Information

Transportation Regulations: This product is not regulated as a hazardous material in transportation.

National Motor Freight Classification (NMFC): 157320, Class 150

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

TSCA: All chemicals in this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements do not apply to this product.

SARA TITLE III: There is no Section 302 extremely hazardous substance in this product. Reporting requirements under Sections 311, 312, or 313 do not apply. [Diisocyanate precursors do not remain in the polymer foam of this product.]

All chemicals and component categories found on state lists are addressed in this SDS.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of Canada's Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all of the information required by said regulations. All chemical components are on Canada's Domestic Substances List (DSL). Pentane is the only constituent on Canada's Ingredients Disclosure List (IDL) that exceeds threshold concentrations.

SECTION 16: Other Information

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) prepared by:

LEXSUCO CORPORATION TEL: 905.792.8800 TOLL FREE: 1.800.268.2889

Original Prepared:

January 2002

Revision Date: Expiration Date: July 2013 July 2016

Revision:

Conversion to SDS format